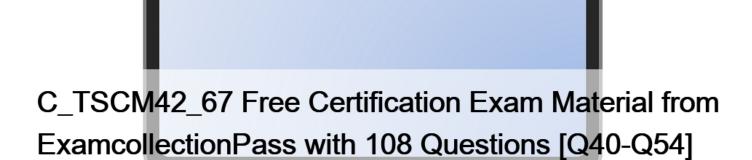
## C\_TSCM42\_67 Free Certification Exam Material from ExamcollectionPass with 108 Questions [Q40-Q54





C\_TSCM42\_67 Free Certification Exam Material from ExamcollectionPass with 108 Questions Use Real C\_TSCM42\_67 - 100% Cover Real Exam Questions

SAP C\_TSCM42\_67 is a professional-level certification course that is designed for individuals who want to achieve knowledge and skillset that are required to work with the SAP Solution Manager Production Planning. This certification course covers the essential concepts, functionality, and configuration of SAP Production Planning. Candidates who clear this certification exam will be able to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of SAP Production Planning.

NO.40 For which of the following objects can you enter a confirmation? (Choose two)

- \* Work Center
- \* Production order operation
- \* Production order
- \* Trigger Point

**NO.41** When analyzing the SAP ECC order report for a planned order for a finished product, you discover that one of the assemblies will not be available in time for the scheduled final assembly because of automatic forward scheduling.

Which planning procedure do you use to create a feasible production plan from a requirements planning perspective?

- \* Total planning online
- \* Multi-level single-item planning with the "display material list " option
- \* Interactive single-item planning for the delayed assembly
- \* Multi-level single-item planning with the " simulation mode " option

NO.42 Which of the following statements about the planning functions available in SAP ECC is correct?

- \* Master production scheduling (MPS) refers to preferred planning of important materials.
- \* Material requirements planning (MRP) includes automatic capacity leveling.
- \* Long-term planning (LTP) is a long-term form of forecast planning.
- \* In demand management (DM) material shortage situations are identified and corresponding receipt elements are created.

**NO.43** A user you advise wishes to transfer variable process instructions for automated processing directly to certain work centers and machines in the production department (for example, feed speed, pressing pressure, dry temperature). The user also wishes to receive variable as-is messages (such as actual quantities, actual times) from these work centers and machines and to process these messages for feedback concerning production orders. Which of the following options would you recommend to implement these requirements?

- \* Execution Steps (XSteps) and process messages
- \* SAP Business Intelligence (BI)
- \* Plant data collection (PP-PDC) interface
- \* SAP Application Link Enabling (ALE)

NO.44 What do you have to consider, when you use the ATP (Available To Promise) checks for material? (Choose two)

- \* ATP checks can be carried out automatically when releasing a production order.
- \* ATP checks are automatically performed during Material Requirements Planning (MRP) runs.
- \* ATP checks are used to evaluate the free capacity on a certain work center.
- \* ATP checks are mandatory for lead-time scheduling.
- \* ATP checks can be adjusted to also consider future requirements and receipts.

**NO.45** Which of the following activities within the KANBAN procedure normally triggers subsequent stock posting of the goods receipt?

- \* Set "Container in process"
- \* Set " Container empty "
- \* Set "Container in transport"
- \* Set " Container full "

NO.46 Which option for selecting a routing exists when you create a production order?

- \* Automatic selection of a reference operation set
- \* Manual selection based on settings in the order type-dependent parameters
- \* Automatic selection based on the selection ID in the material master
- \* Manual selection based on the list of routings maintained in the material master

NO.47 What could be a consequence of the confirmation of an operation?

- \* Settlement of the actual costs
- \* Reduction of capacity requirements
- \* Rescheduling of the production order

\* Update of the planned costs

**NO.48** Which issue can occur if the lot size-dependent in-house production time in the material master is not updated after changing the routing?

- \* Lead time scheduling cannot take place.
- \* Dependent requirements request the components from the bill of materials at wrong times when using basic dates scheduling.
- \* Requirements planning creates an appropriate exception message in basic dates scheduling.
- \* Subsequent capacity planning is no longer possible due to the obsolete scheduling parameters.

**NO.49** In which of the following objects can you activate backflushing of components if you want to use this functionality during order confirmation? (Choose three.)

- \* Work Center
- \* Production Scheduling Profile
- \* Material Master (Finished Product)
- \* Routing
- \* Material Master (Component)

**NO.50** The stock/requirements list for a finished product contains only one sales order and one fixed planned order with the same quantity. The availability dates for both MRP elements are on working days. The availability date for the fixed planned order is set to a later date than the one for the sales order.

However, a corresponding rescheduling exception message does not appear.

What could be the reasons? (Choose two)

- \* The delta between the availability dates falls within the tolerance window defined in Customizing.
- \* The fixed planned order is outside the rescheduling horizon.
- \* Requirements planning has not been carried out.
- \* The MRP elements are linked via fixed pegging.

**NO.51** Which repetitive manufacturing options can you use to carry out line loading in the SAP ECC system, and thus generate run schedule quantities (RSQ) from normal planned orders? (Choose three)

- \* Automatic selection of the production line assigned to the MRP group used during material requirements planning (MRP)
- \* Automatic selection of the production version in material requirements planning (MRP) using the selection methods setting
- \* Automatic selection of the production version by applying quota arrangement records in material requirements planning (MRP)
- \* A planning algorithm from capacity planning
- \* Manual assignment of planned production quantities in a planning table

NO.52 What do you have to consider regarding consumption? (Choose two)

- \* Consumption takes place on the material level between the planned independent requirements and the planned orders.
- \* Consumption is restructured with the planning run.
- \* Consumption can take place between order reservations and planned independent requirements, depending on the strategy.
- \* Consumption parameters (consumption mode and consumption interval) can be set in the material master or in the MRP group.

NO.53 Where can you define the valid receivers for production order costs?

- \* In the costing variant
- \* In the settlement profile
- \* In the valuation variant
- \* In the production scheduling profile

**NO.54** Which of the following requirements is supported by using process orders?

## This page was exported from - $\underline{Free\ Exam\ Dumps\ Collection}$ Export date: Wed Nov 27 22:30:16 2024 / +0000 $\ GMT$

- \* Linkage of documents to orders
- \* Use of production/resource tools
- \* Documentation of the production using an electronic batch record
- \* Use of reference operation sets

**Dumps Brief Outline Of The C\_TSCM42\_67 Exam:** 

https://www.examcollectionpass.com/SAP/C TSCM42 67-practice-exam-dumps.html]